

60. An Olympic long jumper is capable of jumping 8.0 m. Assuming his horizontal speed is 9.1 m/s as he leaves the ground, how long is he in the air and how high does he go? Assume that he lands standing upright—that is, the same way he left the ground.
61. *Apollo* astronauts took a “nine iron” to the Moon and hit a golf ball about 180 m! Assuming that the swing, launch angle, and so on, were the same as on Earth where the same astronaut could hit it only 35 m, estimate the acceleration due to gravity on the surface of the Moon. (Neglect air resistance in both cases, but on the Moon there is none!)
62. When Babe Ruth hit a homer over the 7.5-m-high right-field fence 95 m from home plate, roughly what was the minimum speed of the ball when it left the bat? Assume the ball was hit 1.0 m above the ground and its path initially made a 38° angle with the ground.
63. The cliff divers of Acapulco push off horizontally from rock platforms about 35 m above the water, but they must clear rocky outcrops at water level that extend out into the water 5.0 m from the base of the cliff directly under their launch point. See Fig. 3–44. What minimum pushoff speed is necessary to clear the rocks? How long are they in the air?

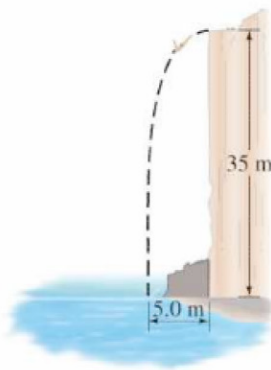
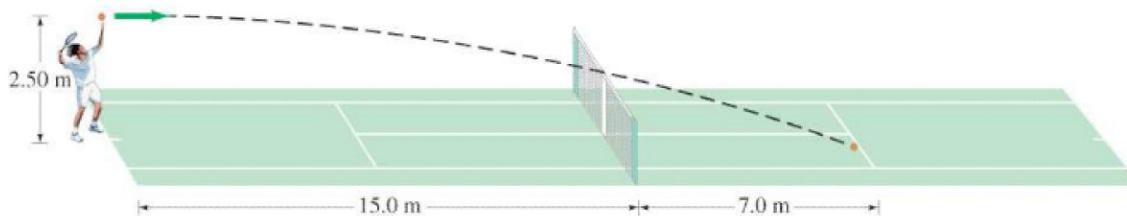


FIGURE 3–44 Problem 63.

64. At serve, a tennis player aims to hit the ball horizontally. What minimum speed is required for the ball to clear the 0.90-m-high net about 15.0 m from the server if the ball is “launched” from a height of 2.50 m? Where will the ball land if it just clears the net (and will it be “good” in the sense that it lands within 7.0 m of the net)? How long will it be in the air? See Fig. 3–45.

FIGURE 3–45 Problem 64.



65. Spymaster Paul, flying a constant 215 km/h horizontally in a low-flying helicopter, wants to drop secret documents into his contact’s open car which is traveling 155 km/h on a level highway 78.0 m below. At what angle (to the horizontal) should the car be in his sights when the packet is released (Fig. 3–46)?

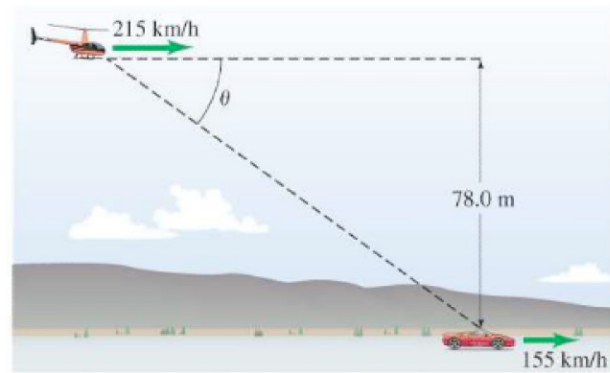


FIGURE 3–46 Problem 65.

66. The speed of a boat in still water is v . The boat is to make a round trip in a river whose current travels at speed u . Derive a formula for the time needed to make a round trip of total distance D if the boat makes the round trip by moving (a) upstream and back downstream, (b) directly across the river and back. We must assume $u < v$; why?

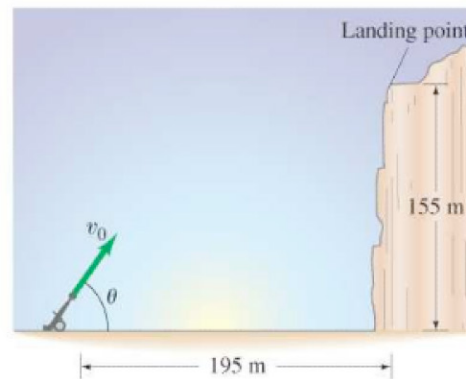


FIGURE 3–47 Problem 67.

67. A projectile is launched from ground level to the top of a cliff which is 195 m away and 155 m high (see Fig. 3–47). If the projectile lands on top of the cliff 7.6 s after it is fired, find the initial velocity of the projectile (magnitude and direction). Neglect air resistance.