26. (II) A person pushes a 14.0-kg lawn mower at constant speed with a force of F = 88.0 N directed along the handle, which is at an angle of 45.0° to the horizontal (Fig. 4–45). (a) Draw the free-body diagram showing all forces acting on the mower. Calculate (b) the horizontal friction force on the mower, then (c) the normal force exerted vertically upward on the mower by the ground. (d) What force must the person exert on the lawn mower to accelerate it from rest to 1.5 m/s in 2.5 seconds, assuming the same friction force?



FIGURE 4-45 Problem 26.

27. (II) Two snowcats tow a housing unit to a new location at McMurdo Base, Antarctica, as shown in Fig. 4–46. The sum of the forces \$\vec{F}_A\$ and \$\vec{F}_B\$ exerted on the unit by the horizontal cables is parallel to the line L, and \$F_A = 4500 N\$. Determine \$F_B\$ and the magnitude of \$\vec{F}_A + \vec{F}_B\$.

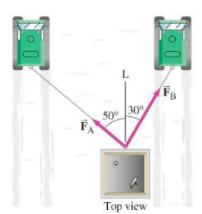


FIGURE 4-46 Problem 27.

28. (II) A train locomotive is pulling two cars of the same mass behind it, Fig. 4-47. Determine the ratio of the tension in the coupling between the locomotive and the first car (F_{T1}), to that between the first car and the second car (F_{T2}), for any nonzero acceleration of the train.



FIGURE 4-47 Problem 28.

29. (II) A window washer pulls herself upward using the bucket-pulley apparatus shown in Fig. 4–48. (a) How hard must she pull downward to raise herself slowly at constant speed? (b) If she increases this force by 15%, what will her acceleration be? The mass of the person plus the bucket is 65 kg.



FIGURE 4-48 Problem 29.

- 30. (II) At the instant a race began, a 65-kg sprinter exerted a force of 720 N on the starting block at a 22° angle with respect to the ground. (a) What was the horizontal acceleration of the sprinter? (b) If the force was exerted for 0.32 s, with what speed did the sprinter leave the starting block?
- 31. (II) Figure 4–49 shows a block (mass m_A) on a smooth horizontal surface, connected by a thin cord that passes over a pulley to a second block (m_B), which hangs vertically. (a) Draw a free-body diagram for each block, showing the force of gravity on each, the force (tension) exerted by the cord, and any normal force. (b) Apply Newton's second law to find formulas for the acceleration of the system and for the tension in the cord. Ignore friction and the masses of the pulley and cord.

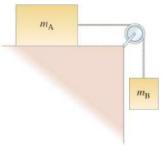


FIGURE 4-49
Problem 31. Mass m_A rests on a smooth horizontal surface, m_B hangs vertically.

32. (II) A pair of fuzzy dice is hanging by a string from your rearview mirror. While you are accelerating from a stoplight to 28 m/s in 6.0 s, what angle θ does the string make with the vertical? See Fig. 4–50.

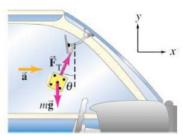


FIGURE 4-50 Problem 32.